WHT PLATE C CONCRETE





PLATE FOR TENSILE LOADS

TWO VERSIONS

WHT PLATE 440, ideal for platform frame structures; WHT PLATE 540, ideal for CLT panel structures.

LIGHT TIMBER FRAME

The new partial nailing for the WHTPLATE440 model is optimal for frame walls with a thickness of 60 mm.

QUALITY

The high tensile strength allows to optimize the number of plates installed, ensuring remarkable time saving.

Values calculated and certified according to CE marking.



Solution USA, Canada and more design values available online.





SERVICE CLASS



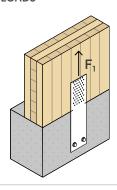






DX51D + Z275 carbon steel

EXTERNAL LOADS





FIELDS OF USE

Tensile joints for timber walls.

Timber-to-concrete or timber to-steel configurations.

Suitable for walls aligned to the concrete edge.

Can be applied to:

- solid timber and glulam
- timber frame
- CLT and LVL panels





TIMBER-TO-CONCRETE

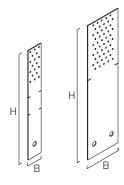
Beside its natural function, it is ideal for solving situations where the transfer of tensile loads from timber to concrete is required.

HYBRID STRUCTURES

Within hybrid timber-to-steel structures, it can be used for tensile connections by simply aligning the edge of the timber with the edge of the steel element.

CODES AND DIMENSIONS

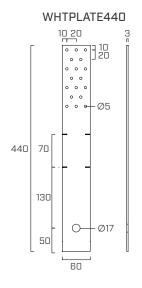
CODE			holes [mm]					s [in]	n _V Ø5 n _V Ø.20 [pcs]		pcs
WHTPLATE440	60	440	Ø17	3	2 3/8	17 1/4	Ø0.67	0.12	18	•	10
WHTPLATE540	140	540	Ø17	3	51/2	21 1/4	Ø0.67	0.12	50	•	10

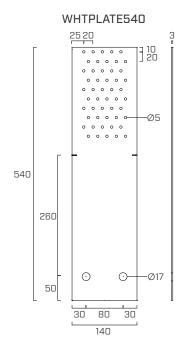


FASTENERS

type	description		d	support	page
			[mm]		
LBA	high bond nail		4		570
LBS	round head screw	(I nnnnnnnn	5		571
AB1	CE1 expansion anchor		16		536
VIN-FIX	vinyl ester chemical anchor		M16		545
HYB-FIX	hybrid chemical anchor		M16		552
KOS	hexagonal head bolt		M16	2)))))	168

GEOMETRY



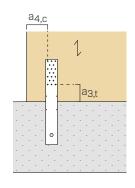


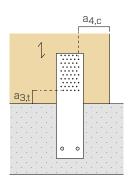
INSTALLATION

MINIMUM DISTANCES

TIMBER minimum distances			nails LBA Ø4	screws LBS Ø5
C/Cl	a _{4,c}	[mm]	≥ 20	≥ 25
C/GL	a _{3,t}	[mm]	≥ 60	≥ 75
CIT	a _{4,c}	[mm]	≥ 12	≥ 12,5
CLT	a _{3,t}	[mm]	≥ 40	≥ 30

- C/GL: minimum distances for solid timber or glulam consistent with EN 1995:2014
- according to ETA considering a timber density $\rho_{\rm k} \le 420~{\rm kg/m}^3$ CLT: minimum distances for Cross Laminated Timber according to ÖNORM EN 1995:2014 (Annex K) for nails and ETA-11/0030 for screws



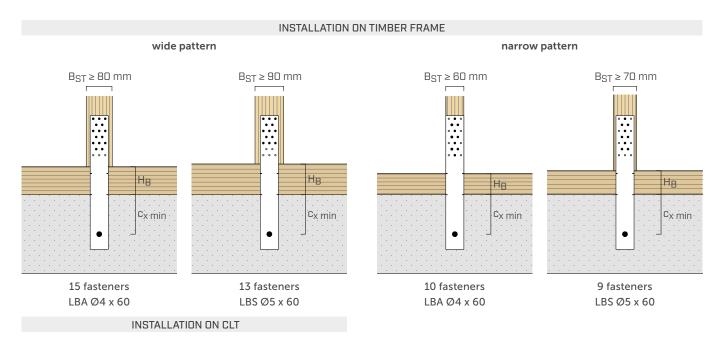


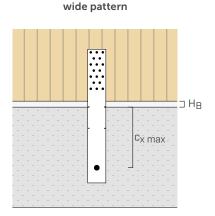
FASTENING PATTERNS

WHTPLATE440

The WHT PLATE 440 can be used for different construction systems (CLT/timber frame) and ground connection systems (with/without platform beam, with/without grout). Depending on the presence and dimension of H_B of the intermediate layer, in accordance with the minimum distances of the timber and concrete fasteners, the WHT PLATE 440 must be positioned in way that the anchor is at a distance from the concrete edge:

130 mm $\leq c_x \leq 200 \text{ mm}$





18 fasteners LBA Ø4 x 60 | LBS Ø5 x 60

c _X
[mm]
c _{x min} = 130
$c_{x \text{ max}} = 200$

It is possible to install the angle bracket in two specific patterns:

- wide pattern: installation of connectors on all columns of the vertical flange;
- **narrow pattern**: installation with narrow nailing, leaving the outermost columns free.

WHTPLATE540

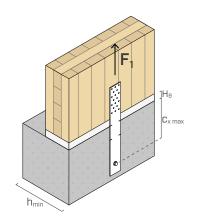
INSTALLATION ON CLT

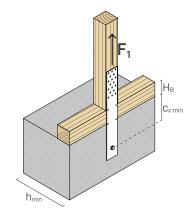
30 fasteners partial fastening LBA Ø4 x 60 | LBS Ø5 x 60

15 fasteners partial fastening LBA Ø4 x 60 | LBS Ø5 x 60

In the presence of design requirements such as varying stress values or the presence of a **grout** between the wall and the support surface, it is possible to use pre-calculated and optimised **partial nailing** in order to influence the effective n_{ef} number of fastenings on timber. Alternative nailings are possible in accordance with the minimum distances for the connectors.

■ STRUCTURAL VALUES | WHTPLATE440 | TIMBER-TO-CONCRETE | F₁





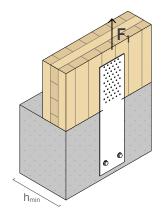
$MINIMUM \ CONCRETE \ THICKNESS \ hmin \ge 200 \ mm$

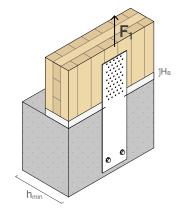
		TIMBEI	7			ST	STEEL CONCRETE						
configuration	pattern	fastening holes	Ø5		R _{1,k timber}	R _{1,k steel}		R _{1,d uncracked}		R _{1,d cracked}		R _{1,d seismic}	
		ØxL	n _V	H _{B max}				VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		HYB-FIX 8.8 Ø x L	
		[mm]	[pcs]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	Ysteel	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]
c _{x max} = 200 mm	wide	LBA Ø4 x 60	18	20	39,6	34,8		M16 x 195	32,3	M16 x 195	22.0	M16 x 195	22.0
C _{X max} – 200 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	18	30	31,8	34,0	Үм2	M10 X 193	32,3	M10 X 193	22,3	M10 X 193	22,3
c = 130 mm	wide	LBA Ø4 x 60	15	90	34,0	34,8		γ _{M2} M16 x 195	22.6	M16 x 195	16,0	M16 x 195	16.0
c _{x min} = 130 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	13	95	24,5	34,0	YM2		22,0				10,0
c - 170 mm	narrow	LBA Ø4 x 60	10	70	22,3	7/1 0	4,8 γ _{M2}	γ _{M2} M16 x 195	22,6	M16 x 195	16,0	146 405	16.0
c _{x min} = 130 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	9	75	17,5	34,0						M16 x 195	10,0

MINIMUM CONCRETE THICKNESS $h_{min} \ge 150 \text{ mm}$

		TIMBER				ST	STEEL CONCRETE			ETE			
configuration	pattern	fastening holes	Ø5		R _{1,k timber}	R _{1,l}	k steel	R _{1,d uncra}	cked	R _{1,d cracked}		R _{1,d seismic}	
		ØxL	n _V	H _{B max}				VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		HYB-FIX 8.8 Ø x L	
		[mm]	[pcs]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	Ysteel	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]
c _{x max} = 200 mm	wide	LBA Ø4 x 60	18	20	39,6	34,8	.8 γ _{M2}	M16 x 130	26,0	M16 x 130	18,4	M16 v 170	18,4
C _{X max} – 200 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	18	30	31,8	34,0						MIOXISO	10,4
c _{x min} = 130 mm	wide	LBA Ø4 x 60	15	90	34,0	34,8		M46 470	18,2	M16 x 130	12,9	M46 470	12.0
C _{X min} – 130 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	13	95	24,5	34,0	Үм2	M16 x 130				MIO X 130	12,9
c = 170 mm	narrow	LBA Ø4 x 60	10	70	22,3	34,8	3 4,8 γ _{M2}	M16 x 130	18,2	M16 x 130	12,9		42.0
c _{x min} = 130 mm	pattern	LBS Ø5 x 60	9	75	17,5							MTO X 120	12,9

■ STRUCTURAL VALUES | WHTPLATE540 | TIMBER-TO-CONCRETE | F1





MINIMUM CONCRETE THICKNESS hmin ≥ 200 mm

	TIMBER						STEEL CONCRET			LE ₍₅₎			
configuration	pattern	fastening holes	fastening holes Ø5		R _{1,k timber}	r R _{1,k steel}		R _{1,d uncracked}		R _{1,d cracked}		R _{1,d seismic}	
		Ø x L	n _V	H _{B max}				VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		HYB-FIX 8.8 Ø x L	
		[mm]	[pcs]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	Ysteel	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]
partial fastening ⁽¹⁾	30	LBA Ø4 x 60	30	-	84,9	70.6	Үм2	M16 x 195	44,1	M16 x 195	31,3	M16 x 195	26.6
2 anchors M16	fasteners	LBS Ø5 x 60	30	10	69,9	70,6							20,0
partial fastening ⁽¹⁾	15	LBA Ø4 x 60	15	60	42,5	70,6			44,1				26.6
2 anchors M16	fasteners	LBS Ø5 x 60	15	70	35,0		Үм2	γ _{M2} M16 x 195		MIO X 195	31,3	M16 x 195	20,0

MINIMUM CONCRETE THICKNESS hmin ≥ 150 mm

TIMBER						ST	EEL		CONCRETE ⁽²⁾				
configuration	pattern	fastening holes	fastening holes Ø5		R _{1,k timber}	R _{1,k steel}		R _{1,d uncracked}		R _{1,d cracked}		R _{1,d seismic}	
		ØxL	n _V	H _{B max}				VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		VIN-FIX 5.8 Ø x L		HYB-FIX 8.8 Ø x L	
		[mm]	[pcs]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	Ysteel	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]	[mm]	[kN]
partial fastening ⁽¹⁾	30	LBA Ø4 x 60	30	-	84,9	70,6		M16 x 130	35,9	M16 x 130	25,4	M16 x 130	21.6
2 anchors M16	fasteners	LBS Ø5 x 60	30	10	69,9	70,6	Yм2						21,6
partial fastening ⁽¹⁾	15	LBA Ø4 x 60	15	60	42,5	70,6 y	У м2	M16 x 130	35,9	M16 x 130	25,4	146 470	21.6
2 anchors M16	fasteners	LBS Ø5 x 60	15	70	35,0							MT0 X 120	21,6

NOTES

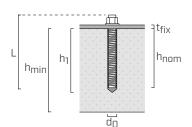
 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ In the case of configurations with partial nailing, the strength values in the table are valid for the installation of fasteners in timber in accordance with $\rm a_1>10d\ (n_{ef}=n).$

 $^{^{(2)}}$ The concrete strength values are valid if the assembly notches of the WHT-PLATE540 plate are positioned at the timber-to-concrete interface ($c_x = 260$ mm).

ANCHORS INSTALLATION PARAMETERS

ancho	or type	t _{fix}	h _{nom} = h _{ef}	h ₁	d ₀	h _{min}
type	ØxL[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
VIN-FIX 5.8	M16 x 130	3	110	115	10	150
HYB-FIX 8.8	M16 x 195	3	164	170	18	200

Precut INA threaded rod, with nut and washer: see page 562. MGS threaded rod class 8.8 to be cut to size: see page 174.



 $\mathsf{t}_{\mathsf{fix}}$ h_{nom} h_1 d_0

fastened plate thickness nominal anchoring depth minimum hole depth

hole diameter in the concrete support

concrete minimum thickness



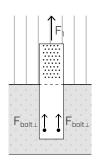
Fastening elements to the concrete through anchors not listed in the table, shall be verified according to the load acting on the anchors, which can be evaluated through the $k_{t\perp l'}$ coefficients. The lateral shear load acting on the anchor can be obtained as follows:

$$F_{bolt_{\perp,d}} = K_{t\perp} \cdot F_{1,d}$$

 $k_{t\perp}$ coefficient of eccentricity

tensile stress acting on the WHT PLATE

The anchor check is satisfied if the design tensile strength, obtained considering the boundary effects, is greater than the design external load: $R_{bolt \perp d} \ge F_{bolt \perp d}$



	$\mathbf{k_{t}}_{\perp}$
WHTPLATE440	1,00
WHTPLATE540	0,50

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- Characteristic values according to EN 1995:2014.
- Design values can be obtained from characteristic values as follows:

$$R_{d} = min \begin{cases} \frac{R_{k, timber} \cdot k_{mod}}{\gamma_{M}} \\ \frac{R_{k, steel}}{\gamma_{M2}} \\ R_{d, concrete} \end{cases}$$

The coefficients k_{mod^\prime} γ_M and γ_{M2} should be taken according to the current regulations used for the calculation.

- The timber strength values $\rm R_{1,k~timber}$ are calculated considering the effective number according to Table 8.1 (EN 1995:2014).
- The calculation process used a timber characteristic density of $\rho_k = 350 \text{ kg/}$ m³ and C25/30 concrete with a thin reinforcing layer and minimum thickness indicated in the relative tables.
- Concrete design strength values are supplied for uncracked $(R_{1,d\ uncracked})$, cracked ($R_{1.d\ cracked}$) concrete and in case of seismic verification ($R_{1.d\ seismic}$) for use of chemical anchor with threaded rod in steel class 8.8.

- Seismic design in performance category C2, without ductility requirements on anchors (option a2 and elastic design according to EN 1992:2018). For chemical anchors it is assumed that the annular space between the anchor and the plate hole is filled ($\alpha_{\rm gap}=1)\!.$
- The strength values are valid for the calculation hypothesis defined in the table; for boundary conditions different from the ones in the table (e.g. minimum distances from the edge), the concrete anchor group can be verified using MyProject calculation software according to the design requirements.
- Dimensioning and verification of timber and concrete elements must be carried out separately.
- The product ETAs for the anchors used in the concrete-side strength calculation are indicated below:
- VIN-FIX chemical anchor according to ETA-20/0363
- HYB-FIX chemical anchor according to ETA-20/1285